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(обязательное к рабочей программе дисциплины)

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2a04bb882d7edb7f479cb2**ФББОУ**е**ВО**8**«Дагес**танский государственный технический университет»

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по дисциплине «Деловой иностранный язык»

Уровень образования	Магистратура (бакалавриат/магистратура/специалитет)
Направление подготовки бакалавриата/магистратуры/специальность	Информатика и вычислительная техника (код. наименование направления подготовки/специальности)
Магистерская программа	Сети ЭВМ и телекоммуникаций (наименование)
Разработчик Утоблись	Агасиева И.Р., к.п.н., доцент (ФИО уч. степень, уч. звание)
Фонд оценочных средств об « <u>40» 09</u> 20 <u>/4</u> г., протокол № <u>/</u>	бсужден на заседании кафедры <u>ИЯ</u>
Зав. кафедрой	Абуева Н.Н. фио уч. степень, уч. звание)

г. Махачкала 2019

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1. Область применения, цели и задачи фонда оценочных средств

Фонд оценочных средств (ФОС) является неотъемлемой частью рабочей программы дисциплины <u>Деловой иностранный язык</u> и предназначен для контроля и оценки образовательных достижений обучающихся (в т.ч. по самостоятельной работе студентов, далее – СРС), освоивших программу данной дисциплины.

Целью фонда оценочных средств является установление соответствия уровня подготовки обучающихся требованиям ФГОС ВО по направлению подготовки/специальности 09.04.01 «Информатика и вычислительная техника»

Рабочей программой дисциплины <u>Деловой иностранный язык</u> предусмотрено формирование следующих компетенций:

1) УК-4 — Способен применять современные коммуникативные технологии, в том числе на иностранном(ых) языке(ах), для академического и профессионального взаимодействия

2. Описание показателей и критериев оценивания компетенций, формируемых в процессе освоения дисциплины (модуля)

Описание показателей и критериев оценивания компетенций, формируемых в процессе освоения дисциплины (модуля), и используемые оценочные средства приведены в таблице 1.

Перечень оценочных средств, рекомендуемых для заполнения таблицы 1 (в ФОС не приводится, используется только для заполнения таблицы)

- Деловая (ролевая) игра
- Контрольная работа
- Круглый стол (дискуссия)
- Тест (для текущего контроля)
- Устный опрос
- Тест для проведения зачета / дифференцированного зачета (зачета с оценкой) / экзамена
- Задания / вопросы для проведения зачета / дифференцированного зачета (зачета с оценкой) / экзамена

Перечень оценочных средств при необходимости может быть дополнен.

2.1. Перечень компетенций с указанием этапов их формирования в процессе освоения ОПОП

Таблица 1

T ROOTING T	Наименование контролируемых разделов и тем ¹	Лексика Грамматика Аудирование Чтение Письмо Говорение	
	Критерии оценивания	 имеет знания иностранного (ых) языка (ов) и понимает значимость устнои и письменнои коммуникации; знает и совершенствует виды речевых деиствии (аудирование, говорение, чтение и письмо) для осуществления коммуникации, в т.ч. деловой; знает основные грамматические структуры, общеупотребительную, общекультурную и некоторую часть профессиональной (учебной) лексики, а также речевые клише, необходимые для осуществления коммуникации, в т.ч. деловой; знает правила и приемы ведения деловой устной коммуникации, а также правила составления деловых письменных сообщений, способствующих осуществлению деловой коммуникации. 	- умеет устанавливать и поддерживать межличностные (в т.ч. международные) контакты через интернет (Е-mail, WhatsApp) для повышения языкового уровня и осуществления делового сотрудничества, - идентифицирует социокультурные различия при написании писем на
	Код и наименование индикатора достижения формируемой компетенции	УК-4.1. Знать: правила и закономерности личной и деловой устной и письменной коммуникации; современные коммуникативные технологии на русском и иностранном языках; существующие профессиональные сообщества для профессионального взаимодействия	УК-4.2. Уметь: применять на практике коммуникативные технологии, методы и способы делового общения для академического и профессионального взаимодействия
	Код и наименование формируемой компетенции	УК-4 – Способен применять современные коммуникативные технологии, в том числе на иностранном(ых) языке(ах), для академического и профессионального взаимодействия	

¹ Наименования разделов и тем должен соответствовать рабочей программе дисциплины.

тартне- лка (ов).	и вывания еде, есии и же пного ния;
иностранном языке для друзей и партнеров в странах изучаемого (ых) языка (ов).	-владеет достаточными языковыми знаниями, чтобы понимать высказывания собеседников и участвовать в беседе, проявляя к собеседникам уважение; - владеет навыками ведения дискуссии и полемики (не задевая чувств и достоинства собеседников), а также владеет навыками аргументированного изложения собственной точки зрения; - владеет различными формами письменной коммуникации (аннотация, тезисы, эссе, реферат и.т.д.)
	УК-4.3. Владеть: методикой межличностного делового общения на русском и иностранном языках, с применением профессиональных языковых форм, средств и современных коммуникативных технологий в

2.1.2. Этапы формирования компетенций

- Сформированность компетенций по дисциплине <u>Деловой иностранный язык</u> определяется на следующих этапах: 1. **Этап текущих аттестаций** (Для проведения текущих аттестаций могут быть использованы оценочные средства, указанные в
 - разделе 2) 2. Этап промежуточных аттестаций (Для проведения промежуточной аттестации могут быть использованы другие оценочные средства)

							Таблица 2
		AND REPORT OF STREET		Этапы формирования компетенции	грования к	омпетенц	III
Копи			Этап теку	Этап текущих аттестаций			Этап промежуточной аттестации
наименование	Код и наименование индикатора достижения	1-5 неделя	6-10 неделя	11-15 неделя	1-17 неделя	еделя	18-20 неделя
компетенции	формируемой компетенции	Текущая аттестация №1	Текущая аттестация №2	Текущая аттестация №3	CPC	KP/KII	Промежуточная аттестация
1		2	3	4	10	9	7
	УК-4.1. Знать: правила и						
	закономерности личной и						
	деловой устной и						
	письменной коммуникации;						
	современные						
	коммуникативные						
	технологии на русском и						
	иностранном языках;						
	существующие						
VK - 4	профессиональные	(контрольная	(контрольная	(контрольная			
t W	сообщества для	работа №1)	pa6ora №2)	pa6ora №3)			I ест для проведения зачёта
	профессионального						
	взаимодействия						
	УК-4.2. Уметь: применять						
	на практике						
	коммуникативные						
	технологии, методы и						
	способы делового общения						
	для академического и						
	профессионального						

взаимодействия	УК-4.3. Владеть: методикой	межличностного делового	общения на русском и	иностранном языках, с	применением	профессиональных	языковых форм, средств и	современных	коммуникативных	технологий

СРС – самостоятельная работа студентов;
КР – курсовая работа;
КП – курсовой проект.

2.2. Показатели уровней сформированности компетенций на этапах их формирования, описание шкал оценивания

2.2.1. Показатели уровней сформированности компетенций на этапах их формирования

Результатом освоения дисциплины Деловой иностранный язык является установление одного из уровней сформированности компетенций: высокий, повышенный, базовый, низкий.

Габлица 3

содержание основных понятий дисциплины, в том числе для решения средств вопроса/задания оценочного средства раскрыто полно, ответы на Обучающимся продемонстрирован высокий уровень оценочных взаимосвязь Даны Общепрофессиональные/ исчерпывающие, профессиональные компетенции грамотно. вопросы усвоена дополнительные вопросы. профессиональных задач. освоения компетенции профессионально, самостоятельны, Обучающимся Ответы И Ответы на вопросы оценочных средств полные и Даны развернутые ответы на дополнительные высокий Сформированы четкие системные знания Универсальные компетенции продемонстрирован уровень освоения компетенции представления по дисциплине. Обучающимся вопросы. верные. (оценка «отлично», «зачтено») Уровень Высокий

	100mm (A. C.	Общепрофессиональные/
Уровень	Универсальные компетенции	профессиональные
		компетенции
Повышенный (оценка «хорошо», «зачтено»)	Знания и представления по дисциплине сформированы на повышенном уровне. В ответах на вопросы/задания оценочных средств	Сформированы в целом системные знания и представления по дисциплине. Ответы на вопросы оценочных средств полные,
	изложено понимание вопроса, дано достаточно подробное описание ответа, приведены и раскрыты в тезисной форме основные понятия.	грамотные. Продемонстрирован повышенный уровень владения практическими умениями и навыками.
	Ответ отражает полное знание материала, а также наличие, с незначительными пробелами, умений и	Допустимы единичные негрубые ошибки по ходу ответа, в применении умений и навыков
	навыков по изучаемой дисциплине. Допустимы единичные негрубые ошибки. Обучающимся продемонстрирован повышенный	
	уровень освоения компетенции	
Базовый (оценка «удовлетворительно», «зачтено»)	Ответ отражает теорегические знания основного материала дисциплины в объеме, необходимом для	Обучающийся владеет знаниями основного материал на базовом уровне.
	дальнеишего освоения ОЛЛОЛ Обучающийся допускает неточности в ответе, но	ответы на вопросы оценочных средств неполные, допущены существенные ошибки.
	обладает необходимыми знаниями для их	ован базовый уровень
		практическими умениями и навыками,
	Обучающимся продемонстрирован оазовый уровень освоения компетенции	соответствующии минимально неооходимому уровню для решения профессиональных задач
Низкий	Демонстрирует полное отсутствие теоретических зна	Демонстрирует полное отсутствие теоретических знаний материала дисциплины, отсутствие практических
(оценка «неудовлетворительно»,	умений и навыков	
«не зачтено»)		

Показатели уровней сформированности компетенций могут быть изменены, дополнены и адаптированы к конкретной рабочей программе дисциплины.

2.2.2. Описание шкал оценивания

В ФГБОУ ВО «ДГТУ» внедрена модульно-рейтинговая система оценки учебной деятельности студентов. В соответствии с этой системой применяются пятибальная, двадцатибальная и стобальная шкалы знаний, умений, навыков.

Шка	лы оцені	ивания	
пятибальная	двадцатибальная	стобальная	Критерии оценивания
«Отлично» - 5	«Отлично» - 18-20	«Отлично» - 85 –	Показывает высокий уровень сформированности компетенций, т.е.: — демонстрирует глубокое и прочное усвоение материала; — исчерпывающе, четко, последовательно, грамотно и логически стройно излагает теоретический материал; — правильно формирует определения; — демонстрирует умения самостоятельной работы с нормативноправовой литературой; — умеет делать выводы по излагаемому материалу.
баллов	баглов	100 баллов	
«Хорошо» - 4	«Хорошо» - 15 - 17	«Хорошо» - 70 - 84	Показывает достаточный уровень сформированности компетенций, т.е.: — демонстрирует достаточно полное знание материала, основных теоретических положений; — достаточно последовательно, грамотно логически стройно излагает материал; — демонстрирует умения ориентироваться в нормальной литературе; — умеет делать достаточно обоснованные выводы по излагаемому материалу.
баллов	баллов	баллов	
«Удовлетворительно»	«Удовлетворительно»	«Удовлетворительно»	Показывает пороговый уровень сформированности компетенций, т.е.: — демонстрирует общее знание изучаемого материала; — испытывает серьезные затруднения при ответах на дополнительные вопросы; — знает основную рекомендуемую литературу; — умеет строить ответ в соответствии со структурой излагаемого материала.
- 3 баллов	- 12 - 14 баллов	- 56 — 69 баллов	
«Неудовлетворительно» - 2 баллов	«Неудовлетворительно» - 1-11 баллов	«Неудовлетворительно» - 1-55 баллов	 Ставится в случае: незнания значительной части программного материала; не владения понятийным аппаратом дисциплины; допущения существенных ошибок при изложении учебного материала; неумение строить ответ в соответствии со структурой излагаемого вопроса; неумение делать выводы по излагаемому материалу.

3. Типовые контрольные задания, иные материалы и методические рекомендации, необходимые для оценки сформированности компетенций в процессе освоения ОПОП

3.1. Задания и вопросы для входного контроля

Choose the correct item.

1. How longhere?		15."Have you ever been to 0	China?"
A)you live	B) do you live	"Yes, Ithere in 1990.	, ,
C)have you lived	D) are you living	A)have gone	B)went
2l help you with the	ne cooking?	C)have been going	C)have been
A)Will	B)Am	16."How long have you worke	ed here?" "By the
end of			
C)Shall	D)Have	A)'ll work	B)I'm going to work
3.He deniedthe mone	y.	C)'ll have been working	g D)'ll be working
A)to take	B)to have taken	17."We'll need some cola fo	r the party."
C)take	D)having taken	"Isome."	
4.Shefor 12 hours be	efore she finished	A)buy	B)will have bought
Everything.		C)ve already bought	D)had bought
A)had been working	B)has been working	18."I need to give a message	to Susan."
C)is working	D)has worked	"Iher at the office this	afternoon."
5. When I was a child I.	running every day.	A)see	B)have seen
A)have gone	B)used to go	C)'ll have seen	D)'ll be seeing
C)was going	D)had gone	19."Have you ever met a far	nous person?"
6.Whatat 10 o'clock	ast night?	"Yes, IMaria Callas ond	ce."
A)have you done	B)were you going	A)have met	B)met
C)have you been doing	D)had you done	C)meet	D)have been
meeting			
7.He hasn't left the offic	e	20."These shoes aren't at all	comfortable."
A)yet	B)before	"You shouldn'tthem."	

C)just	D)already	A)have bought	B)to buy			
8. They will have finish	ned8 o'clock	C)bought	C)buying			
A)until	B)by the time	21."What's wrong with	Lynda?"			
C)since	D)by	"Sheproblems at	work lately."			
9.I'm afraid Ito come	e to the party.	A)has been having	B)will			
A)don't go	B)won't	C)was having	C)'ll be having			
C)won't be able	D)can't	22."What's Pam doing?	" "She seems"			
10.We went into town.	some new clothes.	A)to be working	B)working			
A)to buy	B)for buying	C)to have worked	D)to work			
C)to have bought	D)buying	23."How long have you	been working here?"			
11.We'd ratherto be	d early last night.	"6 months.	3 16.			
A)to have gone	B)to go	A)Since	B)For			
C)going	D)have gone	C)From	C)Ago			
12.Rememberthe do	oor when you leave.	24."I can't stand this any	y longer!"			
A)to lock	B)lock	"Calm down. There's n	o pointupset."			
C)locking	D)have locked	A)to get	B)get			
13."You look slimmer."	"Yes, I12 kilos."	C)in getting	D)to getting			
A)had lost	B)lost	25."how long does it take	e you to write a novel?"			
C)have been losing	D)have lost	"By December Ion this one for 3 years."				
14."I'm having trouble	with this exercise."	A)will work	B)will have been			
working			30 SE 0 SE			
"Don't worry. Iyou."		C)will be working	D)am going to work			
A)have helped	B)am going to help		5			
C)helped	D)II help					

3.2. Контрольные работы для проведения текущих аттестаций Комплект заданий для контрольной работы

• Время выполнения 90 мин.
• Количество вариантов контрольной работы
• Количество заданий в каждом варианте контрольной работы
• Форма работы – самостоятельная, индивидуальная.
Аттестационная контрольная работа №1 (типовая)
1. Choose the best phrase for a formal letter.
1.Complete the phrase: " Sir or Madam,"
2.Complete the phrase: "To Whom It May"
3.Complete the phrase: "Looking forward to your"
4. The abbreviation FYI stand for:
5.Choose the most formal word:
6.If you send a paper letter and some additional document, you them.
7.In emailing the abbreviation "cc" means:
8. Complete the phrase: "If you have any questions, do not to contact us."
9. Complete the sentence to make it formal: " your price list."
10.Complete the phrase: "I'd like to for any inconvenience caused."
11.Complete the phrase: "I'd like to about the vacant positions at this branch."
12.If there is a delay, you write: "Your request is being"
13. Complete the phrase: "I wish to my appreciation for all your efforts"
14. Complete the phrase: "I am sorry, but I cannot be of to you in this matter."
15.Complete the phrase: "Weask you to send us" 16.Complete the phrase: "We are not happy the terms you suggested."
17. Complete the phrase: "We deny you permission to"
18.Complete the phrase: "If you can guarantee delivery and can quote really prices we may
be able to place an order with you."
19.If you write "Does the idea appeal to you?", you ask
20. Complete the phrase: "If you require any information we shall be happy to let you have this,
."
2. Choose the right answer
1. It would more sense to redesign the packaging.
A. make B. have made C. A or B
2. It would more sense to have gone to the meeting.
A. make B. have made C. A or B
3 through the process many times before, I know exactly which steps to take.
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go
4. There's no need a chief marketing officer.
A. to hire B. hire C. hiring
5. This seemingly easy task us.
A. has eluded B. had eluded C. A or B
6. This seemingly easy taskus until last week.
A. has eluded B. had eluded C. A or B
7 a business is hard work.
A. Starting B. To start C. Having started
8 three businesses myself, I know what I'm talking about.
A. To start B. Starting C. Having started
9. This is an opportunity more directly with consumers.
A. to connect B. connecting C. connect 10 with consumers isn't easy.
A. Connecting B. Connect C. To connect
1. Connecting D. Connect C. 10 connect

11. He expressed concern about some of the deals currently
A. take place B. taking place C. are taking place
12. MasterCard built its marketing around the theme, "There are some things money
can't buy.
A. B or C B. has built C. built
13. If they us earlier, we could have set up a meeting.
A. contact B. had contacted C. have contacted
14. I hadn't the figures were so low.
14. I hadn't the figures were so low. A. realized B. been realized C. been realizing
15. Visa Mastercard's main competitor.
A. is being B. is C. A or B
A. is being B. is C. A or B 16. We're currently that part of the contract.
A. negotiated B. being negotiated C. negotiating
17. That part of the contract is currently
A. negotiating B. negotiated C. being negotiated
18. We successfully the inclusion of that amendment.
A. negotiated B. being negotiated C. negotiating
19. The outcome known until next week.
A. will be B. won't be C. A or B
20. The outcome known next week.
A. will be B. won't be C. A or B
2) D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
3). Business letter writing skills.
Choose the correct item.
1. Which of the following is a correct dateline for a business letter?
A. August, 20, 1998
B. Aug. 20, 1998
C. August 20, 1998
D. Aug. 20 1998
2. The complimentary closing is
A. optional.
B. placed one line below the last line of the body.
C. positioned at the writer's discretion.
D. placed two lines below the last line of the body.
3. Editing involves checking a document for factual accuracy, logical flow, conciseness, and
A. spelling.
B. format errors.
C. clarity and tone.
D. grammar.
4. The spacing after the date should be
A. quadruple space. B. a triple space.
C. a single space. D. a double space.
5. The enclosure notation represents
A. the typist's name.
B. that you have left out a part of the letter and need to mail them another letter.
C. none of the above.
D. that there is something else besides the letter included in the envelope.
4). Business letter vocabulary.
Choose the correct item
1. I think it would be a good idea to in your letter that you have worked in that type of
business previously.
A. describe
B. mention

C. show
D. demonstrate
2. You need to improve the of this letter because one or two things are in the wrong place.
A. description B. indication C. layout D. picture
3. Before you put the letter in the envelope, make sure you it in the right way.
A. fold B. double C. treble D. hold
4. If you want this letter to reach the bank tomorrow, you have no choice but to send it by
mail.
A. speed B. express C. excess D. fast
5 When you are going to write an important letter like at a late to the late.
5. When you are going to write an important letter like that, it is absolutely essential that you
A. connect B. join C. deliver D. assemble
6. When you read something you've written on the computer screen, it often looks all right although
you should always read it first.
A. check B. prove C. proof D. proven
7. I advise you to check with a letter or a phone call if you intend to pay them a visit in order
to save a wasted journey.
A. previously B. prior C. ante D. beforehand
8. Since that package contains valuable items, you must send it by post.
A required P regioned C registered D region of the P. registered D reg
A. required B. resigned C. registered D. repeated
9. Quite honestly I cannot trust this particular letter to be sent by post and so I am using the services
of a to deliver it for me.
A. courier B. runner C. traveller D. carrier
10. I'm sure that computer program you use creates a very good letter design but it's far too
for me.
A. Comprehensive B. complicated C. concentrated D. composite
The second secon
Аттестационная контрольная работа №2 (типовая)
1). Choose the right answer
1. It would more sense to redesign the packaging.
more sense to redesign the packaging.
A. make B. have made C. A or B
A. make B. have made C. A of B
2 1413
2. It would more sense to have gone to the meeting.
A. make B. have made C. A or B
through the process many times before, I know exactly which steps to take.
which steps to take.
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer.
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer.
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring 5. This seemingly easy task us.
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring 5. This seemingly easy task us. A. has eluded B. had eluded C. A or B
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring 5. This seemingly easy task us. A. has eluded B. had eluded C. A or B
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring 5. This seemingly easy task us.
A. Going B. Having gone C. To go 4. There's no need a chief marketing officer. A. to hire B. hire C. hiring 5. This seemingly easy task us. A. has eluded B. had eluded C. A or B

7	a business is hard wo	rk.
A. Starting	B. To start	C. Having started
8	three businesses myse	elf, I know what I'm talking about.
A. To start	B. Starting	C. Having started
9. This is an opp	oortunity	more directly with consumers.
A. to connect	B. connecting	C. connect
10	_ with consumers isn	't easy.
A. Connecting	B. Connect	C. To connect
11. He expresse	d concern about some	of the deals currently
A. take place	B. taking place	C. are taking place
12. MasterCard can't buy.	built its	marketing around the theme, "There are some things money
	B. has built	C. built
13. If they	us earlier, we	could have set up a meeting.
A. contact	B. had contacted	C. have contacted
14. I hadn't	the figures w	ere so low.
A. realized	B. been realized	C. been realizing
15. Visa	Mastercard's ma	in competitor.
A. is being	B. is C.	A or B
16. We're curren	tly that I	part of the contract.
A. negotiated	B. being negotiate	ed C. negotiating
17. That part of t	he contract is current	У
A. negotiating	B. negotiated	C. being negotiated
18. We successfu	ally the i	nclusion of that amendment.
A. negotiated	B. being negotiate	d C. negotiating
19. The outcome	known	until next week.
A. will be	B. won't be	C. A or B
20. The outcome	known	next week.

- 2). Graduate's CV writing skills.
- 1. On the fresher's CV the most important factor is:
- A. The GPA and major achievements
- B. The match of skills to the job requirement
- C. The work history
- D. The way the information is presented on the CV
- 2. What do you need to make an impressive CV?
- A. The use of highly intellectual words
- B. A very crisp presentation in bullet points using job-specific keywords
- C. An in-depth narrative of the achievements and experiences gathered
- D. A bright color paper to print your CV on
- 3. You have no work experience. What other factor can this be replaced with to create a strong positive impact?
- A. Academic performance.
- B. Achievements in college extra-curricular activities
- C. Personal talents that can be translated into employable skills
- D. All the above
- 4. A fresher's CV should always mention the GPA in their CV.
- A. Only if the GPA is outstanding B. Always
- C. Never
- D. Only for the major subject
- 5. Your education information should always include:
- A. The date of graduation and name and subject you majored
- B. The subject you majored in and GPA
- C. Complete list of major and minor subjects covered, college name
- D. Date of graduation, college name and full address
- 6. What is the best way to present your past experience in the CV?
- A. Present it in chronological descending order, in bullet points
- B. Present it in descending chronological order, in the form of a paragraph
- C. Do not mention it, unless it is relevant to the job
- D. Present it in bullet points, but in ascending chronological order
- 7. When you list your experience, what is the most important message that has to get across the employer?

- A. Your skills and expertise
- B. The designation and responsibilities you have taken up
- C. The company/department you have worked for
- D. Your achievement in each of the job/position
- 8. A fresh graduate has little, if any work experience. Which is the best way to convince the employer that you do have the ability to handle the job?
- A. Project your soft skills as employable skills
- B. Mention all the projects that you have completed during your college days
- C. List all the paid and unpaid work you have done (which is relevant to the job)
- D. All the above
- 9. What is the most critical factor in the CV of a fresh graduate?
- A. Employable skills
- B. GPA
- C. Relevant experience
- D. Style of presenting all the above
- 10. You have received the coordinates of five top companies and you are excited about applying to all of them. To optimize your chances, you should:
- A. Immediately send your standard CV with a standard cover letter
- B. Write a customized cover letter for each organization, highlighting the match between your skills and the job requirement in max two paragraphs
- C. Send the CV without the cover letter sometimes this distracts the employer
- D. Send your CV and cover letter printed on a bright colored paper which will all make your application stand out
- 11. You are a fresh graduate and you want to apply for as many jobs as possible so you can start working at the earliest. You are aware that you need an impressive CV. What, in your opinion, makes the CV impressive at the first glance?
- A. A very crisp and focused objective
- B. A humorous graphic which will ask the employer to stop and take notice
- C. A professional summary which tells it all in five sentences tops
- D. All the above
- 12. The first CV screening is done in just 10 seconds time. In order to ensure that your CV passes the test, you will need to:
- A. List your skills that match the job exactly
- B. List in descending chronological order your experience, tweaked to match the requirements of the job
- C. Highlight your academic and personal achievements
- D. All the above
- 13. A fresher's CV should always mention two references.

- A. True B. False.
- 14. Your hobbies should always reflect proper coordination with the job you are applying for.
- A. True B. False
- 15. It is advisable to list your voluntary work as experience in the CV.
- A. True B. False
- 3. Тест на проверку навыков прохождения собеседования при приеме на работу.

Choose the correct item.

- 1. How should you dress for the interview?
- A. Formal business dress, such as a suit.
- B. The way that people illustrated in the company brochure are dressed.
- C. As you always do they want to interview you, not your clothes, and must take you as they find you.
- 2. What time should you arrive for your interview?
- A. At exactly the time specified. B. Ten minutes early.
- C. Half an hour early.
- 3. What should you bring with you to the interview?
- A. A briefcase containing a copy of your application form, your degree certificate, your final-year project report and a testimonial from your last vacation job.
- B. A few basic essentials (e.g. clean hanky or spare tights for emergencies and a small notepad). C. Nothing but yourself and your lucky mascot.
- 4. When is the interviewer likely to make his/her decision on whether you are the right candidate for the job?
- A. As soon as you walk in at the door.
- B. Five minutes into the interview.
- C. At the end of the day, after careful reflection and having compared you with all the other candidates.
- 5. The interviewer offers you a cup of coffee what should you say?
- A. Oh yes please!
- B. No, thank you, I had one just before I came in.
- C. Well, if you're sure it's no trouble.
- 6. During the interview, where should you focus your eyes?
- A. On the interviewer's eyes
- B. Somewhere around the end of the interviewer's nose
- C. On the floor

- 7. Should you smile at the interview?
- A. Yes, as much as possible
- B. No you want to appear serious and responsible
- C. Occasionally
- 8. What is the first question likely to be?
- A. What do you know about this organization?
- B. How was your journey here today?
- C. Why do you want this job?
- 9. How long should your answers be?
- A. Brief and to the point with no superfluous information
- B. As detailed as possible
- C. Not too long but not too short
- 10. Can you make a joke during an interview?
- A. No, never it makes quite the wrong impression
- B. Yes, always it helps to liven things up and will get you remembered
- C. Yes, if you feel that the interviewer will appreciate your sense of humor and if it seems appropriate
- 11. The interviewer asks you a question that you really don't understand. Do you:
- A. Smile sweetly and say "I'm sorry, I really haven't a clue"?
- B. Say "I'm sorry, I don't quite understand the question could you repeat it please?"
- C. Take a deep breath, wade in and say something that you hope sounds OK?
- 12. The interviewer asks you a really tough question. Do you:
- A. Ask for a minute to collect your thoughts before your answer?
- B. Start to answer immediately and work out your reply as you go along?
- C. Say "I'm sorry. I don't know"?
- 13. The interviewer asks you a question that you feel is totally inappropriate, such as "Are you planning to get married?" Do you:
- A. Give the answer you feel they want to hear, regardless of whether or not it is true?
- B. Ask if this is important to the company and then decide whether to answer the question?
- C. Answer truthfully but assure them that your personal circumstances will make no difference to your ability to do the job or your enthusiasm for it?
- 14. You feel that the interviewer's attitude towards you is hostile. Do you:

	A. Resign yourself to being rejected?B. Respond in a similar way, arguing with or challenging the interviewer?C. Reason that perhaps this is to test you in some way, and keep calm and polite?			
	15. At the end of the interview come the words "Are there any questions you would like to ask me?" – but all your carefully-prepared questions have already been answered during the interview. Do you:			
	A. No thank youB. Ask a question that you already know the answer to.C. Say "Well. I had made a note to ask about but we've covered that during the interview, so I don't have any more questions."			
	Аттестационная контрольная работа №3(типовая)			
	1. Тест на проверку навыков ведения деловых переговоров.			
	1) Choose the right answer			
	1. The two sides have not come to an agreement. They are still			
	A. deadly B. successful C. deadlocked			
	2. It is doubtful that the parties will come to an agreement. There is little hope of a			
	A. changing B. breakthrough C. collaboration			
	3. So, neither party is willing to ? No. Neither one will make concessions.			
	A. complement B. compromise C. retain			
	4. There is in our position = We have not changed our position.			
	A. no change B. not a change C. no changing			
5. Negotiations are at an				
	A. impact B. impart C. impasse			
	6. When negotiations, it means that they are continuing, but in an uncertain/difficult manner. A. falter B. fall C. fail			
7. When will this agreement? (=start/become valid/begin to operate)				
	A. come into effect B. come to effect C. have an effect			
	8. We hope to an agreement by Friday.			
	A. come B. restore C. reach			
	9. The talks broke-down = The talks			
	A. fell B. collapsed C. fell-down			

10. Both sides are noping for a successful (= result)			
A. outcome	B. outburst	C. change	
2) Choose the righ	nt answer		
1. It took over five	hours of negotiations	for the parties to come to a	
A. hostility	B. consensus	C. bottom-line	
2. It was a	decision to settle	our differences out of court.	
A. mutual	B. flexible	C. victorious	
3. One	_ that always works is	to ask your counterpart to speak first.	
A. bargain B	. tension	C. tactic	
4. We would have	more if w	ve had some more recent statistics to use.	
A. haggling	B. concession	C. leverage	
5. They were	to our proposa	l until we made our last demand.	
A. tension	B. resistance	C. receptive	
6. We were	over prices all a	fternoon.	
A. haggling	B. misleading	C. dispute	
7. I wasn't expecti	ng our opponents to	so quickly.	
A. amplify	B. counterproposal	C. yield	
8. When I	the client about th	neir promise they agreed to honour it.	
A. log-rolled	B. entitled	C. confronted	
9. If that is your only I would be happy to concede.			
A. pressure	B. objective	C. cooperation	
10. Within ten minutes the negotiations had already ended in a			
A. bottom-line	B. counterpart	C. deadlock	
11. Nothing is mor	e important than grow	ing your customer or base.	
A. client	B. clientele	C. clients	
12. What is another	er way of saying "to ma	ake more money"?	
A. to get revenue 13. What does it m	B. to increase r nean "to close" a sale?	revenue C. to obtain cash	

A. to finalize a sale	B. to fail	C. to give up on a sale
14. What do you ca	all people who can pote	entially sell to?
A. loads E	s. leaders C	C. leads
15. What's the terr	n that describes the init	tial search for new sales leads?
A. sales searching	B. sales fishi	ing C. sales prospecting
swallow.	Service A Review of the Control of t	to be better. Losing the contact was to
A. bottom line	B. a bitter pill	C. blow-by-blow
17. We've lost the	contract thanks to your	r incompetence. You really, didn't you?
A. blew it B.	bottom line	C. blue collar
to make money the	ese days.	b and doing jobs for cash. The is the only way
A. blow-by-blow	B. black economy	y C. bottom line
19. The product di	dn't work in the States.	s. As they say there, it really
A. bombed	B. bottom line	C. blow-by-blow
20. However, the	same product sold reall	ly well in England. As they say there, it
A. blue collar	B. back to the dra	rawing board C. went like a bomb
II семестр - заче	Т	
контрольной раб - оценка «	оты: отлично»: продемонс	сформированности компетенций при проведения стрировано грамотное последовательное решение зада и апгоритме. Ланы верные ответы на все вопросы

условия задач (заданий). При необходимости сделаны пояснения и выводы (содержательные, достаточно полные, правильные, учитывающие специфику проблемной ситуации в задаче или с незначительными ошибками);

- оценка «хорошо»: грамотное последовательное решение заданий при правильно выбранном алгоритме. Однако, ответы на вопросы и условия заданий содержат незначительные ошибки. Пояснения и выводы отсутствуют или даны неверно;

- оценка «удовлетворительно»: обучающийся ориентируется в материале, но применяет его неверно, выбирает неправильный алгоритм решения заданий, допускает ошибки. Пояснения и выводы отсутствуют или даны неверно;

- оценка «неудовлетворительно»: обучающийся слабо ориентируется в материале, выбирает неправильный алгоритм решения, допускает значительное количество ошибок. Пояснения и выводы отсутствуют.

Критерии оценки уровня сформированности компетенций при выполнении теста:

Оценка	Показатели*	
Отлично	85-100%	

Хорошо	70-84%	
Удовлетворительно	56-69%	
Неудовлетворительно	менее 56%	

^{*} - % выполненных заданий от общего количества заданий в тесте. Показатели зависят от уровня сложности тестовых заданий.

3.3. Задания для промежуточной аттестации (зачета)

Список вопросов к зачету

Выберите правильныи □ вариант ответа. 1. Money owed by one person or organization to another person or organization A. shares B. debt C. investment 2. A period of time when business activity decreases because the economy is doing badly A. gross margin B. stock market C. recession 3. Equal parts into which the capital or ownership of a company is divided A. shares B. debt C. investment 4. A dramatic movement may be expressed by A. soar B. plummet C. A and B 5.1 think David should do the presentation. Database architecture is his A. topic of expertise B. area of expertise C. field of knowledge 6. Celebrity is a technique that is very popular in advertizing at the moment. A. exhibition B. research C. endorsement
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C. field of knowledge 6. Celebrity is a technique that is very popular in advertizing at the moment. A. exhibition B. research C. endorsement
6. Celebrity is a technique that is very popular in advertizing at the moment. A. exhibition B. research C. endorsement
A. exhibition B. research C. endorsement
B. research C. endorsement
C. endorsement
7. If news about a product comes to you by someone tells you about it.
A. word of mouth
B. press
C. internet
8. If you have something to sell, you can an advert in the local newspaper.
A. target
B. place
C. launch
9. Following US business protocol you must arrive on time. Only a delay because of
traffic problems is allowed.
A. 30 minute
B. 15 minute
C. 1 hour
10. Lisa, the marketing rep, and I have been playing this whole week. (We've been
trying to reach each other, but we keep getting each other's voice mail)
A. phone games
B. phone tag

C. phone contact
11. In which country would be a great insult to touch somebody on the head?
A. Thailand
B. Pakistan
C. Iraq
12. You should not point the soles of your feet towards your hosts in which area?
A. West Indies
B. Australia
C. Arab world
13. When giving gifts to Chinese guests we should wrap in which coloured paper for good luck?
A. blue
B. red
C. white
14. These days many applicants submit their speculatively to companies they would
like to work for.
A. covering letter
B. application form C. resume
15. These days it is normal for successful candidates to work a/an in a company.
A. psychometric test B. interview
C. probationary period
16. The person in charge of the meeting is the
A. participant
B. agenda
C. chairperson
17. A list of topics to be discussed in the
A. minutes
B. agenda
C. items
18. The "Art of Winning" by Harry Mills states there are stages to negotiation.
A. 5
B. 7
C. 9
19. Quality control includes checking for before selling goods.
A. monitoring
B. compensation
C. faults
20. The quality control department found several faults during one of their
A. minimum standards
B. routine checks
C. monitoring
21. The idea of a lone inventor who makes a or has a sudden clever idea is maybe a
little out of date today.
A. discovery
B. setback
C. brain wave
22. The company will apply for a for the design so that others cannot copy it and steal
the ideas.
A. concept
B. patent
C. prototype
23. Property taxes about 40 percent of the overall tax revenue the state collects.
A account for

B. make
C. are at least
24 the end of year results were published, the managers got their bonuses.
A. When
B. While
C. Because
25. My line manager wants the meeting immediately.
A. to arrange
B. be arranged
C. arranged
26. The company expects to see breakeven and a 15 cent a share loss in the second
quarter.
A. more than
B. more or less
C. somewhere between
27. The software developers investigated the latest problem.
A. are just
B. have already
C. have yet
28. The new service was expected to be a success; very few customers upgraded their
accounts.
A. yet
B. although
C. just
29. While the stock the staff worked in the evenings.
A. was checked
B. has been checked
C. was being checked
30. All the orders got on schedule.
A. delivering
B. to deliver
C. delivered
31. Commercial builders downplayed a bust in the superheated housing market. A. the
concern of
B. concerns about C. concerning
32. The report showed that the overall prices are up to 3.1 percent months.
A. during the last
B. in the following
C. since the last
33. He is excited about the new promotion and looking forward to more
responsibilities.
A. taking on
B. taking in
C. getting on
34. The flight arrives Tokyo in three hours.
A. in
B. into
C. at
35. The executives pointed to immigration the biggest drivers of the domestic market.
A. rather than
B. as one of
C. resulting in
36. First quarter revenue \$45.1 billion from \$44.7 billion a year earlier.
A. expanded at

B. Increased
C. rose to
37. Strong exports is driving first-quarter growth, rising 35 percent from a year earlier.
A. played a big role
B. played a hand
C. effectively
38. The new law will encourage growth in the export market
A. possible
B. next year
C. in fact
39. My manager is very happy the work I have done.
A. by
B. with
C. for
40. You are late again. Were you a traffic jam?
A. at
B. in
C. on
41. I am writing behalf of my company.
A. on
B. from
C. in
42. The company's police smoking is that we do not allow it in the building.
A. at
B. with
C. on
43. If we don't have more customers next month, we will go of business.
A. on
B. under
C. out
44. I will send you a for the damaged book.
A. replacement
B. recipe
C. apology
45. What is the name of your company's new Chief?
A. Executioner
B. Executive
C. Execute
46. I am sorry, but we do not have any more in
A. stack
B. stock
C. stick
47. The training programme will give workers the new they need.
A. skins
B. skulls
C. skills
48. Please your bank account to see when you received your pay.
A. cheque
B. check
C. cheek
49. Our shows that women and children like our products.
A. receipt
B. research
C. resale

50. We asked 1000 customers to a questionnaire.	
A. complete	*
B. compete	
C. comprise	
51. I have just received your about holiday pay.	
A. memory	
B. mime	
C. memo	
52. I think we should exhibit our new products at a trade	
A. fare	
B. fair	
C. fear	
53. I would like to talk to all the sales tomorrow.	
A. stuff	
B. staff	
C. staffs	
54. Does the building have good for disabled people?	
A. axes	
B. accent	
C. access	
55. If you are late for work again, I will you.	
A. dispute	
B. dismiss	
C. desist	
56. For certain types of businesses, a list of people who have already	an interest in
buying your products should be included in the business plan.	
A. said	
B. expressed	
C. exclaimed	
57. The person who works for another company but does the same job as you can be	be referred to as
your	
A. counterpart	
B. counterfeit	
C. counter	
58. I'm sorry, Lynn, I didn't (= understand/hear) that last figure.	
A. engage	
B. catch/get	
C. grasp	
59. We're running a little short (= we don't have much time left)	
A. of time	
B. in time	
C. time	
60. Janine has a lot to the development of this company.	
A. constrained	
B. calculated	
C. contributed	

Критерии оценки уровня сформированности компетенций по результатам проведения зачета:

- оценка «зачтено»: обучающийся демонстрирует всестороннее, систематическое и глубокое знание материала, свободно выполняет задания, предусмотренные программой дисциплины, усвоивший основную и дополнительную литературу. Обучающийся выполняет задания, предусмотренные программой дисциплины, на уровне не ниже базового;
- оценка «не зачтено»: обучающийся демонстрирует незнание материала, не выполняет задания, предусмотренные программой дисциплины. Обучающийся не выполняет задания, предусмотренные программой дисциплины, на уровне ниже базового. Дальнейшее освоение ОПОП не возможно без дополнительного изучения материала и подготовки к зачету.

Критерии оценки уровня сформированности компетенций по результатам проведения дифференцированного зачёта (зачета с оценкой) / экзамена:

- оценка **«отлично»**: обучающийся дал полный, развернутый ответ на поставленный вопрос, проявил совокупность осознанных знаний об объекте, доказательно раскрыл основные положения темы. В ответе прослеживается четкая структура, логическая последовательность, отражающая сущность раскрываемых понятий, явлений. Обучающийся подкрепляет теоретический ответ практическими примерами. Ответ сформулирован научным языком, обоснована авторская позиция обучающегося. Могут быть допущены недочеты в определении понятий, исправленные студентом самостоятельно в процессе ответа или с помощью «наводящих» вопросов преподавателя. Обучающимся продемонстрирован высокий уровень владения компетенцией(-ями);
- оценка **«хорошо»:** обучающимся дан полный, развернутый ответ на поставленный вопрос, проявлено умение выделять существенные и несущественные признаки, причинно-следственные связи. Ответ четко структурирован, логичен, но есть недочеты в формулировании понятий, решении задач. При ответах на дополнительные вопросы допущены незначительные ошибки. Обучающимся продемонстрирован повышенный уровень владения компетенцией(-ями);
- оценка «удовлетворительно»: обучающимся дан неполный ответ на вопрос, логика и последовательность изложения имеют существенные нарушения. Допущены грубые ошибки при определении сущности раскрываемых понятий, явлений, нарушена логика ответа, не сделаны выводы. Речевое оформление требует коррекции. Обучающийся испытывает затруднение при ответе на дополнительные вопросы. Обучающимся продемонстрирован базовый уровень владения компетенцией (-ями);
- оценки **«неудовлетворительно»:** обучающийся испытывает значительные трудности в ответе на вопрос, допускает существенные ошибки, не владеет терминологией, не знает основных понятий, не может ответить на «наводящие» вопросы преподавателя. Обучающимся продемонстрирован низкий уровень владения компетенцией(-ями).

Критерии оценки уровня сформированности компетенций для проведения экзамена/дифференцированного зачёта (зачета с оценкой) зависят от их форм проведения (тест, вопросы, задания, решение задач и т.д.).