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## Оценочные средства для текущего контроля успеваемости, промежуточной аттестации по итогам освоения дисциплины «Иностранный язык» (английский)

В учебном процессе дисциплины «Иностранный язык» (английский) предусмотрены следующие виды самостоятельной работы:

1. Выполнение домашнего задания, под которым подразумевается самостоятельная учебная деятельность аспирантов, нацеленная на закрепление материала, изученного на аудиторных занятиях, повторение пройденного и выполнение заданий необходимых для организации учебной работы под руководством преподавателя (предварительное чтение текстов, повторение лексики, выполнение грамматических упражнений, устный и письменный перевод, подготовка презентаций и т.д.). Контроль над выполнением осуществляется во время аудиторных занятий в результате фронтальных и выборочных опросов.
2. Развитие рецептивных видов речевой деятельности (чтение и аудирование) через чтение литературы на английском языке, просмотр видео-материалов, прослушивание аудио-материалов (по выбору преподавателя и аспиранта). Контроль над выполнением осуществляется за счет оценки подготовленного отчета о проделанной самостоятельной работе.
3. Самостоятельная работа над проектами. Проект «*Presenting Academic Achievements to the World*» осуществляется студентами индивидуально по разработанному преподавателем плану. Отчет о выполнении представляет собой презентацию результатов проделанной работы. Результатом проектной работы может быть участие аспиранта с докладом в англоязычной конференции или публикация статьи на английском языке.

Для осуществления текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации используются тесты и тексты из банка контрольно-измерительных материалов, хранящихся на кафедре, которые периодически обновляются.

**Оценочные средства для текущего контроля успеваемости, а также аттестации  
по итогам освоения курса «Иностранный язык»**

**Контрольная работа №1**

1. The travel agent says we \_\_\_ a great time in Spain.  
a) will have                      b) would have  
c) have                              d) will have had
2. His mother insists on his \_\_\_ with his studies.  
a) to go on                        b) going on  
c) having go on                  d) be going on
3. I usually wear skirts but today I \_\_\_ black trousers.  
a) wears                            b) am wearing  
c) wearing                        d) was wearing
4. Have you ever been to France? – Yes, I \_\_\_ there last August.  
a) had been                        b) went  
c) have been                       d) were
5. It's Mr Smith, \_\_\_?  
a) is it                                b) is not it  
c) isn't it                            d) isn't he
6. I think John \_\_\_ translate this document.  
a) have to                          b) will have  
c) has                                 d) will have to
7. I \_\_\_ breakfast when the phone rang.  
a) had                                b) have  
c) am having                        d) was having
8. I have no intention \_\_\_ here any longer.  
a) to stay                          b) have started  
c) of staying                        d) at staying
9. When I received the telegram, I \_\_\_ home at once.  
a) starting                          b) have started  
c) was started                       d) started
10. I \_\_\_ do it yesterday because of my headache.  
a) wasn't able                       b) shouldn't  
c) wasn't able to                    d) was

**Контрольная работа №2**

1. They \_\_\_ come to us tonight.  
a) couldn't                        b) are  
c) may                                d) ought
2. Tomorrow it \_\_\_ be cold.  
a) need                                b) has  
c) is to                                d) might
3. I asked my mother if I \_\_\_ visit a friend of mine.  
a) may                                b) can  
c) could                                d) must

4. She answered that I \_\_\_ to do my homework first.  
a) must                      b) can  
c) have to                    d) had
5. You \_\_\_ visit your friend in the evening.  
a) are able                    b) will be permitted to  
c) will be allowed          d) will be able
6. You \_\_\_ have a nice time here.  
a) can                          b) need  
c) ought                        d) are
7. \_\_\_ my people go!  
a) Have to                      b) Able  
c) Let                             d) Has
8. I'd like \_\_\_ to the cinema after dinner.  
a) going                        b) to go  
c) have gone                  d) went
9. She didn't know if she \_\_\_ to meet all their requirements.  
a) will be able                b) can  
c) could                         d) would be able
10. I speak Russian but Helen \_\_\_\_\_ Russian.  
a) not speak                 c) doesn't speak  
b) not speaks                 d) speaks not

### Контрольная работа № 3.

1. Brickton is a little village \_\_\_\_\_ from Manchester.  
a) not far                      c) not near  
b) not long                    d) not away
2. "Would you like a cigarette?" - "No, thank you, I \_\_\_\_\_."  
a) am not smoke              c) do not smoke  
b) am not smoking          d) do not smoking
3. Mike \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.  
a) doesn't go often          c) is not often going  
b) doesn't often go          d) don't often go
4. The students \_\_\_\_\_ a lecture on Literature on Mondays.  
a) usually have                c) usually having  
b) have usually                d) having usually
5. I can't understand why \_\_\_\_\_ this mistake again.  
a) make you                    c) you do  
b) you make                    d) you have made
6. We shall not begin the meeting until everybody \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) come                         c) came  
b) will come                    d) comes
7. When they came to the station, the train \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) has already left          c) already left  
b) already has left          d) had already left
8. "What did he say?" "I don't know. I \_\_\_\_\_."  
a) wasn't listen                c) didn't listen

- b) wasn't listening d) didn't listening
9. This new book \_\_\_\_\_ about.  
a) has spoken c) will much speak  
b) is much spoken d) has to speak
10. Her parents didn't want \_\_\_\_\_ married.  
a) her to get c) that she get  
b) her get d) that she gets
11. His mother \_\_\_\_\_ a footballer.  
a) not want him to be c) wanted not him to be  
b) didn't want him to be d) didn't want his to be
12. I sent the letter two weeks ago, but they haven't received it \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) still c) yet  
b) already d) never
13. Why \_\_\_\_\_ me like that?  
a) you are looking at c) do you look at  
b) are you looking at d) do you look to
14. He is not satisfied with his present position and he wants to get \_\_\_\_\_ and earn more money.  
a) a better job c) the better job  
b) a better work d) a better employment
15. When he came home his children \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) was sleeping c) slept  
b) were sleeping d) have slept

**Контрольная работа № 4.**

1. Ann speaks \_\_\_\_\_ English.  
a) perfectly c) well  
b) perfect d) badly
2. Why can't you find your book? It is in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) it's usual place c) its usual place  
b) its usually place d) its place usual
3. Did you buy anything?" "No, I \_\_\_\_\_ any money."  
a) hadn't c) didn't have  
b) hasn't d) haven't had
4. I'll be thinking of you while you \_\_\_\_\_ away.  
a) will be c) are being  
b) are d) will have been
5. Now close your books and see how much \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) could you remember c) did you remember  
b) you can remember d) do you remember
6. We shall not begin the meeting until everybody \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) come c) came  
b) will come d) comes
7. You \_\_\_\_\_ worry about it.  
a) not must c) mustn't  
b) don't must d) must not to
8. Helen and Mary \_\_\_\_\_ friends since the age of three.

- a) had been            c) were  
b) have been          d) are
9. The Washington Monument \_\_\_\_\_ by hundreds of people every day.  
a) is visited            c) has visited  
b) visited                d) was visited
10. It isn't very warm today. It was much \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.  
a) more warm          c) warm  
b) warmer                d) warmest
11. Meat \_\_\_\_\_ in a refrigerator or it will spoil.  
a) be kept must        c) must to be kept  
b) must be kept        d) must kept
12. India has been an independent country \_\_\_\_\_ 1947.  
a) from                    c) in  
b) by                        d) since
13. \_\_\_\_\_ car have you got?  
a) What of kind        c) Which kind of  
b) What kind of        d) Which kind
14. "The Times" \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) a daily is paper    c) is daily a paper  
b) a daily paper is    d) is a daily paper
15. "Are the papers in your room?" "Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday."  
a) put in there        c) put there them  
b) put them there     d) there put them

#### Контрольная работа № 5.

1. Does your sister \_\_\_\_\_ English people?  
a) know much        c) knows much  
b) know many        d) knows many
2. Mike \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.  
a) doesn't go often    c) is not often going  
b) doesn't often go    d) don't often go
3. Perhaps \_\_\_\_\_ there next year.  
a) I'm coming        c) I go  
b) I'm going          d) I'll go
4. Ann asked me if I \_\_\_\_\_ the trip.  
a) enjoyed              c) had enjoyed  
b) has enjoyed        d) have enjoyed
5. If you see Jane, can you give \_\_\_\_\_?  
a) to her this letter    c) this letter her  
b) her this letter      d) this letter to hers
6. When they came to the station, the train \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) has already left    c) already left  
b) already has left    d) had already left
7. Some people think that Russian is \_\_\_\_\_ than English.  
a) more difficult      c) much difficult  
b) most difficult      d) difficulter
8. I have looked \_\_\_\_\_ for my bag and I still haven't found it.

- a) wherever            c) anywhere  
b) nowhere            d) everywhere
9. My friend persuaded me \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) have my hairs cut    c) having my hairs cut  
b) to have my hair cut d) to have my hair cutting
10. I'm not as clever as you are. You are \_\_\_\_\_ I am..  
a) clever than            c) cleverer as  
b) more clever          d) cleverer than
11. Her parents didn't want \_\_\_\_\_ married.  
a) her to get            c) that she get  
b) her get                d) that she gets
12. When I came home my children \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) was sleeping        c) slept  
b) were sleeping      d) have slept
13. Does the assistant \_\_\_\_\_ this machine?  
a) know to operate    c) know how to operate  
b) know how operate d) know operating
14. The English \_\_\_\_\_ strong traditions.  
a) has many            c) have many  
b) has much            d) have much
15. \_\_\_\_\_ Romans grew grapes in Britain.  
a) The                    c) --  
b) A                      d) Any

### ЗАЧЁТНАЯ КОНТРОЛЬНАЯ РАБОТА

#### Task 1: Give a written interpretation in Russian:

#### GLOBALIZATION

The word "globalization" stirs powerful emotions. Some see it as highly beneficial – a key to future world economic development, more opportunities and higher living standards across the world. Others see it as a malign force that increases inequality within and between nations, *disempowers* the weak, threatens employment and living standards, and increase poverty. Most people agree that the forces driving globalization – technological change, lower communication and transport costs, increased trade and financial integration among countries - are powerful. But they need to be harnessed to make globalization work for the good of all. Clearly the gap between rich and poor is too wide and may even be widening. Today's central development challenges are to improve the lives and prospects for the nearly three billion people now living in poverty. Only if the economies in which they live grow faster, can the lives of this enormous group of people be improved. Globalization can contribute to this faster growth. But it also increases the need for stronger policies at the national level. And it means that the international community must adapt the way in which it assists poor countries. Globalization is no longer an abstraction but a stark reality that virtually all firms, large and a small, face. Firms that want to survive in the 21st century must confront this all encompassing force that pervades every aspect of business. In a wide range of industries from automobiles to food and clothing, firms face the pressures of global competition at homes as well as in

international markets is no longer an option. All firms, regardless of their size, have to craft strategies in the broader context of world markets to anticipate, respond and adapt to the changing configuration of these markets.

Technology is rapidly altering the nature of competition and strategy in many industries. Then global proliferation of relatively inexpensive computing power and global linkages of computer networks through telecommunications have resulted in an information-rich, computation-rich and communication-rich organizational environment. Telecommunications and computer networks are changing the way in which managers work and interact, providing links between country-centered organizations, and permitting technology to be rapidly shared and learning transferred throughout the organization.

As a result, speed of technological diffusion and change is rapidly increasing. At the same time, the growing technological orientation of many industries and use of computers and telecommunications technology have created greater knowledge intensity and dependency.

Competition is also intensifying, as globalization changes the boundaries of competition and new sources of competition emerge. The basis for competition is also changing, as new players are able to enter the market with an ease unknown even ten years ago.

Information technology has dramatically transformed the costs of doing business and enabled firms to bypass stages in the value chain, for example, going directly to customers, or outsourcing functions and operations. Such factors have changed the nature of the value chain in many industries, enabling new and non-traditional competitors to enter the market rapidly and compete effectively.

**Task 2: Answer the questions and be ready to discuss the problems noted in them:**

1. What does the notion “globalization” imply according to your vision?
2. Why do some people see globalization as a key to higher living standards across the world and others see it as the malign force that increases inequality and threatens living standards? What’s your own opinion?
3. How many people are now living in poverty:  
a) 500 million; b) 3 billion; c) 1 billion
4. Why is the gap between rich and poor widening?
5. What is the role of international financial institutions – IMF and the World Bank – in the poverty reduction strategies?

**Task 3: Read the international words and guess their meaning:**

organize, organization, well-organized, leading, leader, leadership, professional, theory, theoretical, practice, practical, invest, investor, investment, finance, financial, financier, business, businessman, situation.

**Task 4: Translate into Russian:**

1. They need to be harnessed to make globalization work for the good of all.
2. It means that the international community must adapt the way in which it assists poor countries.
3. Globalization is no longer an abstraction but a stark reality that virtually all firms, large and a small, face.
4. Telecommunications and computer networks are changing the way in which managers work and interact.

5. Competition is also intensifying, as globalization changes the boundaries of competition and new sources of competition emerge.

**Task 5: Give English equivalents to the following:**

по всему миру; внутри и между нациями; уровень жизни; может внести вклад; это означает, что; все стороны бизнеса; так же как; больше не; обеспечивая связи; как результат

**Task 6: Translate into English:**

1. Расстояние между бедными и богатыми очень большое и с каждым годом всё больше увеличивается.
2. Технологии с огромной скоростью меняют характер конкуренций и стратегий во многих отраслях промышленности.
3. Некоторые рассматривают «глобализацию» как ключ к будущему развитию мировой экономики и более высокому уровню жизни.
4. Надо сделать так, чтобы глобализация работала на всеобщее благо.
5. Глобализация больше не абстрактное понятие, а реальная действительность.

**Примерные тестовые задания**

1. The latest news from the Middle East countries \_\_\_\_\_ disturbing. A close-up camera showed a man running somewhere. His face was bruised and his clothes \_\_\_\_\_ torn.  
A was, was                      C was, were  
B were, were                     D were, was
2. One hundred pounds \_\_\_\_\_ a large sum for her and she decided to put the money on her \_\_\_\_\_ account.  
A was, savings                 C were, saving's  
B was, saving's                 D were, saving's
3. Bread and cheese \_\_\_\_\_ his usual meal and he has been living on \_\_\_\_\_ for two months.  
A was, them                      C is, it  
B are, it                             D is, them
4. His \_\_\_\_\_ decreased because his salary was cut by 7 \_\_\_\_\_.  
A earnings, per cent  
B earnings, per cents  
C earning, per cents  
D earning, percentage
5. This is the \_\_\_\_\_ cloakroom, and that one is for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A ladies', gentlemen's  
B lady's, gentlemen's  
C ladies', gentlemen  
D lady, gentlemen
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ at the \_\_\_\_\_ talks made a deep influence on everybody.  
A Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peace's  
B Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peace



- C Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peaceful  
D Minister of Foreign Trade's speech, peace
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ history goes back to 1808.  
A state's newspaper's  
B state's newspaper  
C state newspaper's  
D state newspapers'
8. We must organize \_\_\_\_\_ little dinner to celebrate \_\_\_\_\_ event. Tell her to come and see me at \_\_\_\_\_ noon. We'll speak about it.  
A \_\_\_\_, an, the C the, the, \_\_  
B a, the, the D a, the, \_\_
9. At last \_\_\_\_\_ war ended, but the transition from \_\_\_\_\_ war to \_\_\_\_\_ peace was painful for both sides.  
A the, the, the C a, a, a,  
B \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_ D the, \_\_\_\_, \_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_ tiger lives in Asia and belongs to \_\_\_\_\_ same genus as \_\_\_\_\_ lion, leopard, and jaguar.  
A The, the, the C \_\_\_\_, the, \_\_  
B A, \_\_\_\_, a D The, \_\_\_\_, \_\_
11. At the end of the 16<sup>th</sup> century the first explorers of \_\_\_\_\_ South Seas mapped \_\_\_\_\_ southern sky, which was largely unknown to \_\_\_\_\_ ancients.  
A \_\_\_\_, the, \_\_ C the, the, the  
B \_\_\_\_, a, the D the, \_\_\_\_, \_\_
12. \_\_\_\_\_ East End has frequently been characterized by \_\_\_\_\_ poverty, crime, and slums.  
A The, the C \_\_\_\_, \_\_  
B The, \_\_ D \_\_\_\_, the
13. \_\_\_\_\_ American inventors Elisha Gray and Alexander Graham Bell applied for \_\_\_\_\_ patent on \_\_\_\_\_ telephone on the same day.  
A The, a, the C \_\_\_\_, a, a,  
B \_\_\_\_, the, the D The, the, \_\_
14. \_\_\_\_\_ porcelain was \_\_\_\_\_ first made by \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese.  
A The, \_\_\_\_, the C \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, the  
B The, the, \_\_ D \_\_\_\_, the, \_\_
15. \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail and \_\_\_\_\_ Internet are \_\_\_\_\_ latest technologies that are spreading \_\_\_\_\_ American English.  
A \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, the  
B \_\_\_\_, the, the, \_\_  
C The, the, the, \_\_  
D The, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, the
16. When I met her, \_\_\_\_\_ her parents had perished and she was dependent upon \_\_\_\_\_. She did not want \_\_\_\_\_ help and lived on \_\_\_\_\_ own.  
A either, her, anybody, her  
B any of, hers, somebody's, hers  
C both, herself, anybody's, her  
D both of, oneself, everybody, oneself
17. \_\_\_\_\_ of them quite knew what she meant, but \_\_\_\_\_ was sure that she could not bring \_\_\_\_\_ to do it.  
A Nobody, all, her

- B Somebody, every, oneself  
C No one, each, \_\_\_\_  
D None, everybody, herself
18. I phoned her \_\_\_\_ day, but she refused to tell me \_\_\_\_  
A another, something  
B another, anything  
C the other, something  
D the other, anything
19. It was clear he was hungry. He ate a considerable \_\_\_\_ of fried meat \_\_\_\_ quicker than \_\_\_\_ and asked for \_\_\_\_ helping.  
A number, lot, others, other  
B amount, far, the others, another  
C deal, a lot, the other, the others  
D quantity. \_\_\_\_. anothers, an another
20. She goes to Cyprus \_\_\_\_ summer, \_\_\_\_ of them can assure you of it. Shall I send you \_\_\_\_ details?  
A each, every, some  
B either, all, any  
C every, everybody, any  
D every, each, some
21. Why are you afraid to ask for help? \_\_\_\_ of them will be glad to solve your little problem, especially Jack. He is goodness \_\_\_\_.  
A Everybody, himself  
B Each, itself  
C Every, itself  
D Each, himself
22. Colonies were \_\_\_\_ used as sources of raw materials \_\_\_\_ as markets for products of the home country.  
A either, and            C either, or  
B neither, or            D either, nor
23. Only \_\_\_\_ nations in the world export diamonds with South Africa and Russia the biggest importers, while \_\_\_\_ are far behind them.  
A little, other            C few, the others  
B a little, the other    D a few, others
24. It is more shameful to distrust \_\_\_\_ friends than to be deceived by \_\_\_\_.  
A their, theirs            C his, themselves  
B one's, them            D our, ourselves
25. She learnt both classics and philosophy, but knows \_\_\_\_ of them well. Though she can speak on \_\_\_\_ subject in general.  
A none, any            C neither, either  
B nothing, some        D either, neither
26. \_\_\_\_ is waiting for the signal. \_\_\_\_ two minutes and the match will begin. \_\_\_\_ players are anxious to win.  
A Everybody, Another, Every  
B Anybody, Some, All  
C Everybody, Another, All the  
D All, Other, Each
27. He was pleased with \_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_ of them noticed \_\_\_\_.  
A him, nobody, anything

- B himself, any, nothing  
 C them, no one, nothing  
 D himself, none, anything
28. \_\_\_\_\_ husband \_\_\_\_\_ wife were responsible for the religious development of their household members.  
 A Either, or  
 B Neither, nor  
 C Both, and  
 D Every, and
29. In the early part of the Modern English period the vocabulary was enlarged by the widespread use of one part of speech for \_\_\_\_\_ and by increased borrowings from \_\_\_\_\_ languages.  
 A the other, others  
 B another, other  
 C other ones, another  
 D others, another
30. \_\_\_\_\_ they hurried \_\_\_\_\_ it was they would be in time see him off. They came \_\_\_\_\_ after his departure.  
 A The more, the less obvious, short  
 B The more, more obviously, shortly  
 C The more, the less obvious, shortly  
 D The more, the least obviously, short
31. It was far \_\_\_\_\_ than he expected, so he made up his mind to spend twice as \_\_\_\_\_ money as he had wanted.  
 A more cheaper, more  
 B more cheap, a lot  
 C the cheapest, the most  
 D cheaper, much
32. He was a \_\_\_\_\_ promising student in Maths and Physics at Cambridge and always felt a lingering interest in the \_\_\_\_\_ subject.  
 A very, last                      C highly, latter  
 B \_\_\_\_\_, latest              D quite, later
33. The name mountain is usually applied to region of land that is raised rather \_\_\_\_\_ above the surrounding terrain. Temperatures in the mountains are generally \_\_\_\_\_ than at sea level.  
 A highly, much low  
 B high, far lower  
 C high, a lot more lower  
 D highly, more lower
34. Computerized tests adapt to the skill level of the individual test-taker. Each correct answer given by a student is followed by a \_\_\_\_\_ question, and incorrect answers are followed by \_\_\_\_\_ questions. \_\_\_\_\_ the question, \_\_\_\_\_ points the student can score.  
 A more difficult, less difficult, The more difficult, the more  
 B less difficult, less difficult, More difficult, more  
 C more difficult, more difficult, More difficult, the most  
 D more difficult, less difficult, The more difficult, the most
35. The islands were named after British explorer and navigator James Cook, who \_\_\_\_\_ sighted them in 1773.  
 A firstly                              C first

- B at first                      D at the first
36. In the \_\_\_\_\_ 1990s several companies introduces electronic books, or e-books. These \_\_\_\_\_ devices display the text of books on a small screen designed to make reading \_\_\_\_\_.
- A late, computerized, easily  
B last, computerizing, easily  
C late, computerized, easy  
D latest, computerizing, easily
37. Although some \_\_\_\_\_ cigars are made \_\_\_\_\_ by hand, most cigars are manufactured by machine.
- A highly-quality, entirely  
B high-quality, entire  
C highly-quality, entire  
D high-quality, entirely
38. A man who \_\_\_\_\_ in the compartment said that the place \_\_\_\_\_ by a passenger who \_\_\_\_\_ out to the diner.
- A was sitting, is taken, went  
B sat, had been taken, has gone  
C was sitting, was taken, had gone  
D had been sitting, had taken, went
39. Do you see a couple in the corner? Their dessert \_\_\_\_\_ now. As soon as they \_\_\_\_\_ it, we \_\_\_\_\_ their table.
- A is served, finish, will take  
B is serving, will finish, take  
C is being served, finish, will take  
D has been served, will have finished, will take
40. What's the matter? \_\_\_\_\_ - Yes, my mother \_\_\_\_\_ badly ill since yesterday.
- A Have you cried, is  
B Have you been crying, has been  
C Did you cry, was  
D Are you crying, had been
41. \_\_\_\_\_ to London? - Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ there when there \_\_\_\_\_ an exhibition of our goods.
- A Have you ever been, was, was  
B Have you ever been, have been, was  
C Were you ever been, was, was  
D Had you ever been, had been, had been
42. When I \_\_\_\_\_ to Riga, it was cold, a strong northern wind \_\_\_\_\_ and it \_\_\_\_\_ for a fortnight.
- A came, blew, was raining  
B had come, had been blowing, had rained  
C came, was blowing, had been raining  
D was coming, had blown, was raining
43. The fishing industry, which traditionally \_\_\_\_\_ underdeveloped, \_\_\_\_\_.
- A had been, is expanding  
B has been, had expanded  
C is, had been expanding  
D has been, is expanding
44. They \_\_\_\_\_ married for seven years when their first son \_\_\_\_\_.
- A have been, was born

- B had been, was born  
 C had been, had been born  
 D were, had been born
45. The first English colony in North America \_\_\_\_\_ by the Pilgrims, who \_\_\_\_\_ from the English city of Plymouth in the *Mayflower* and \_\_\_\_\_ in Massachusetts Bay in 1620.  
 A was founded, had sailed, had landed  
 B was found, sailed, landed  
 C had been found, sailed, landed  
 D was founded, sailed, landed
46. I felt I \_\_\_\_\_, but there was nobody in the sight.  
 A had watched  
 B was watched  
 C was being watched  
 D had been watching
47. Look at him! He \_\_\_\_\_ the same clothes for years.  
 A wears  
 B has been wearing  
 C had worn  
 D had been wearing
48. The train \_\_\_\_\_ just as he \_\_\_\_\_ the station.  
 A came, reached  
 B had come, had reached  
 C came, had reached  
 D has come, reached
49. He has said that he \_\_\_\_\_ me if I \_\_\_\_\_ easily to do it by myself.  
 A would not help, was able  
 B would not help, would be able  
 C will not help, am able  
 D will not help, will be able
50. Don't you remember \_\_\_\_\_ me at the Brown's last summer? We used \_\_\_\_\_ at their place every Friday.  
 A to see, to meet      C to see, meeting  
 B seeing, meeting      D seeing, to meet
51. He is afraid \_\_\_\_\_ to Mrs. Priestly. In his place I would rather \_\_\_\_\_ her. He may depend on her \_\_\_\_\_ the problem properly.  
 A of speaking, trusting, understanding  
 B to speak, trust, understanding  
 C of speaking, to trust, understanding  
 D to speak, to trust, to understand
52. Let her \_\_\_\_\_ it herself. She is considered \_\_\_\_\_ a careful researcher and can't stand \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A do, being, to be helped  
 B to do, to be, to help  
 C doing, being, helping  
 D do, to be, being helped
53. I only know that when a child of seven I was a proud owner of a pony and used to \_\_\_\_\_ riding with papa. I was not afraid \_\_\_\_\_ at all.  
 A go, to fall      C go, of falling  
 B going, of falling      D going, to fall

65. Parliament ordered that the customs office \_\_\_\_\_ the taxes more efficiently.  
 A would collect      C collect  
 B collects            D had collected
66. National parks request that visitors \_\_\_\_\_ wild animals.  
 A not feed            C would not feed  
 B did not feed        D do not feed
67. I pretended not to be interested in what they said, and treated them as if I \_\_\_\_\_ their speaking.  
 A would not have understood  
 B have not understood  
 C did not understand  
 D do not understand
68. He wished they \_\_\_\_\_ his embarrassment at the moment she was introducing him.  
 A hadn't noticed  
 B would have noticed  
 C would not have noticed  
 D didn't notice
69. But for his provision they \_\_\_\_\_ of hunger.  
 A have died            C would have died  
 B had died            D would die
70. The sellers demanded that payment. \_\_\_\_\_ within five days.  
 A were made  
 B would be made  
 C should be made  
 D is made
71. If I were you, I \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.  
 A would wish, had been done  
 B would have wished, had been done  
 C wished, would have been done  
 D had wished, would be done
72. The teacher required that everyone \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting.  
 A attend              C would attend  
 B attends             D to attend
73. But for your help we \_\_\_\_\_ in time.  
 A hadn't finished    C should not have finished  
 B would not finish   D didn't finish
74. He was very fond \_\_\_\_\_ his sister and meant always to take care \_\_\_\_\_ her. She was glad \_\_\_\_\_ his company too.  
 A of, of, with        C of, of, of  
 B for, for, of        D with, for, for
75. Four cottages with cheerful green and white windows stood \_\_\_\_\_ an open place \_\_\_\_\_ the big trees.  
 A at, between        C at, beneath  
 B in, among         D on, under
76. They decided to go \_\_\_\_\_ their car, and I was looking \_\_\_\_\_ our trip \_\_\_\_\_ all my heart.  
 A by, upon, by  
 B in, forward, with  
 C into, to, at

- D in, forward to, with
77. She smiled \_\_\_\_\_ me and said, «I don't mind \_\_\_\_\_ organizing the party if he has no objections \_\_\_\_\_ giving it.»
- A at, to, \_\_\_\_                      C for, from, upon  
B at, \_\_\_\_, to                      D at, \_\_\_\_, for
78. \_\_\_\_\_ my opinion, he was always a little ahead \_\_\_\_\_ me. But he was a snob: he was always interested \_\_\_\_\_, and envious \_\_\_\_\_ those who had some sort of social position.
- A From, of, \_\_\_\_, for  
B In, of, in, of  
C On, from, in, \_\_\_\_  
D For, for, of, to
79. Ireland is famous \_\_\_\_\_ its contributions \_\_\_\_\_ world literature.
- A for, in                      C for, to  
B of, of                      D as, for
80. The prime minister is appointed by the president \_\_\_\_\_ nomination by the lower house. The government is responsible \_\_\_\_\_ the lower house of the national legislature.
- A after, to                      C on, for  
B with, for                      D before, before
81. She loved giving orders \_\_\_\_\_ the servants, and they loved \_\_\_\_\_ obeying her.
- A \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_                      C \_\_\_\_, to  
B to, \_\_\_\_                      D to, to
82. Farming is \_\_\_\_\_ only minor importance \_\_\_\_\_ the provincial economy.
- A \_\_\_\_, for                      C of, in  
B of, from                      D for, in
83. «Ask me questions and I will \_\_\_\_\_ my best to answer them», he said and burst \_\_\_\_\_ laughing.
- A do, in                      C do, out  
B make, out                      D make, in
84. Harrison who was laughing loudly suddenly broke \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A away                      C on  
B off                      D \_\_\_\_
85. Don't worry, Mom, Nick will soon get \_\_\_\_\_ the disease.
- A on                      C against  
B over                      D after
86. We expected him to join \_\_\_\_\_ us, but he never turned \_\_\_\_.
- A \_\_\_\_, up                      C with, in  
B to, out                      D \_\_\_\_, upon
87. Don't get \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_ every minute, you are getting \_\_\_\_\_ my nerves.
- A up, down, on  
B to, for, to  
C to, back, on  
D on, off, at
88. I have a little money put \_\_\_\_\_ for a rainy day.
- A down                      C away  
B off                      D out
89. You will break \_\_\_\_\_ if you work too hard.
- A down                      C up

- B over                      D ill  
 90. People began to \_\_\_\_\_ sheep for wool about 6,000 years ago.  
 A raise                      C arise  
 B rise                        D arouse
91. My marriage \_\_\_\_\_ in 1996 \_\_\_\_\_ me with three children.  
 A set up, leaving  
 B broke up, having left  
 C went up, left  
 D turned up, being left
92. I was \_\_\_\_\_ by hearing my own name \_\_\_\_\_ a whisper.  
 A awoken, having spoken by  
 B awakened, spoken in  
 C awoken, speaking with  
 D waken, speak with
93. She was not used to \_\_\_\_\_ in any hurry \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A to be, also                C to be, neither  
 B being, either             D being, too
94. I saw Herbert \_\_\_\_\_ the idle \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A is standing between, looker-ons  
 B standing among, lookers-on  
 C to stand, among lookers-on  
 D stood among, lookers-ons
95. A cat, \_\_\_\_\_, crept from the shadow of the gigantic barn.  
 A hunting field mices  
 B hunted field's mouse  
 C having hunted field mouses  
 D hunting field mice
96. You \_\_\_\_\_ better \_\_\_\_\_ a slice of ham or an egg, or \_\_\_\_\_ with your tea.  
 A would, have, something  
 B had, to have, anything  
 C had, have, something  
 D would, had, anything
97. You \_\_\_\_\_ very \_\_\_\_\_ if you went to bed \_\_\_\_\_ late.  
 A may feel, exhausted, such  
 B could have felt, exhausting, so  
 C must have felt, exhausted, so  
 D might feel, exhausting, such
98. Bob is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the two brothers. But his younger brother is \_\_\_\_\_ taller than he is.  
 A oldest, much more      C elder, much  
 B eldest, more             D older, more much
99. The trip was \_\_\_\_\_ and he was \_\_\_\_\_, but \_\_\_\_\_ ten miles \_\_\_\_\_ passed.  
 A tiring, exhausting, other, were  
 B tiring, exhausted, another, were  
 C tired, exhausting, another, was  
 D tiring, exhausting, the other, was
100. Without \_\_\_\_\_ to her, he began looking for a flat near her \_\_\_\_\_ house.  
 A telling anything, parents  
 B speaking something, parents'



- C talking something, parents  
D saying anything, parents'
101. \_\_\_\_\_ twenty years and you'll \_\_\_\_\_ all about it.  
A Another, have forgotten  
B The other, forget  
C Other, be forgetting  
D The others, have been forgetting
102. I can't help \_\_\_\_\_ that he does so \_\_\_\_\_ work. That is why he deserves \_\_\_\_\_ the exam.  
A think, a little, failing  
B thinking, little, to fail  
C to think, little, to fail  
D thinking, few, failing
103. He met \_\_\_\_\_ of people but he knew \_\_\_\_\_.  
A the number, neither  
B a number, none  
C a number, neither  
D the number, none
104. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ wine? – No, thanks. I used to \_\_\_\_\_ a lot in my youth, but then I gave up \_\_\_\_\_.  
A any, drinking so, drinking  
B any, to drink too, drinking  
C some, to drink quite, to drink  
D some, to drink quite, drinking
105. Mr. Chairman, \_\_\_\_\_ discuss this question all day? I don't think it is worth \_\_\_\_\_ so much time on this.  
A can we, spend  
B will we have to, spending  
C shall we be able to, to spend  
D need we, being spent
106. He comes here every \_\_\_\_\_ day. He is looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ this vacancy.  
A other, give  
B another, being given  
C other, being given  
D another, giving
107. She is not \_\_\_\_\_ person to give \_\_\_\_\_ secret.  
A the, away a      C the, out the  
B a, out a          D a, away the
108. Despite \_\_\_\_\_ various assertions, you cannot learn when you are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A of, sleep          C \_\_\_\_\_, asleep  
B \_\_\_\_\_, asleeping      D of, sleeping
109. It is \_\_\_\_\_ how ideas come, like a \_\_\_\_\_ of lightning.  
A funny, flash      C funny, clap  
B funnily, stroke    D funnily, bit
110. You needn't \_\_\_\_\_ to me those lies of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A explaining, your  
B have explained, you  
C to explain, yours  
D explain, yours

111. She looked at him \_\_\_\_\_ and her words sounded \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A cold, sharp      C cold, sharply  
 B coldly, sharply    D coldly, sharp
112. I \_\_\_\_\_ my work urgently and I decided to have a stroll.  
 A shouldn't finish  
 B did not need to finish  
 C must not finish  
 D can't have finished
113. I like travelling \_\_\_\_\_ by train \_\_\_\_\_ by car. \_\_\_\_\_ of them is attractive.  
 A either, or, Any  
 B both, or, Each  
 C either, and, Every  
 D both, and, Either
114. The new \_\_\_\_\_ has arrived. Where shall we put \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A equipment, them    C machineries, them  
 B machines, it        D machinery, it
115. I always regretted \_\_\_\_\_ Egypt. I can't help \_\_\_\_\_ its ancient civilization.  
 A not visiting, admiring  
 B do not visit, admire  
 C not to visit, to admire  
 D not having visited, to have admired
116. If I \_\_\_\_\_ that you \_\_\_\_\_ I certainly \_\_\_\_\_ at home.  
 A knew, came, would have stayed  
 B had known, would come, would have stayed  
 C had known, would have come, would stay  
 D knew, will come, will have stayed
117. Near the centre of \_\_\_\_\_ City stand \_\_\_\_\_ St. Paul's Cathedral, \_\_\_\_\_ Bank of England, \_\_\_\_\_ Royal Exchange, \_\_\_\_\_ Stock Exchange, and the rest of \_\_\_\_\_ London's financial district.  
 A the, the, the, the, the, the  
 B the, \_\_, the, the, the, \_\_  
 C \_\_, \_\_, the, \_\_, \_\_, the  
 D \_\_, the, \_\_, \_\_, \_\_, \_\_
118. She \_\_\_\_\_ and, looking \_\_\_\_\_ in his face, said, «What right do you have to question me? \_\_\_\_\_ is nothing to tell you».  
 A rose, straightly, There  
 B raised, straight, It  
 C rose, straight, There  
 D raised, straightly, It
119. Do you see a woman \_\_\_\_\_ the street? She is said \_\_\_\_\_ a famous actress in \_\_\_\_\_ 1950s.  
 A having crossed, to be, \_\_  
 B crossing, to have been, the  
 C to cross, to have been, the  
 D cross, to be, \_\_
120. Mr. Jones seems \_\_\_\_\_ all about illnesses. He said that mumps \_\_\_\_\_ not a serious disease and \_\_\_\_\_ was nothing to worry about.  
 A to be knowing, were, there  
 B to know, was, there

- C knowing, was, it  
D to know, were, it
121. Something \_\_\_\_\_. She \_\_\_\_\_ by 9.  
A must happen, must come  
B should have happened, was to come  
C must have happened, was to have come  
D need have happened, had to come
122. They worked \_\_\_\_\_ day and \_\_\_\_\_ night, and seemed \_\_\_\_\_ no progress.  
A a, a, to do  
B a, a, to have done  
C the, the, to be making  
D \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, to make
123. I am afraid I don't understand you, Pete. I \_\_\_\_\_ my mind. Have you changed \_\_\_\_\_?  
A haven't changed, your one  
B didn't change, your  
C haven't changed, yours  
D didn't change, yourself
124. He \_\_\_\_\_ on the phone when Emma came in. \_\_\_\_\_ she been listening?  
A was speaking, Had C spoke, Was  
B is speaking, Is D had been speaking, Has
125. His feelings were too \_\_\_\_\_ for the words; he himself had ruined his life and his family \_\_\_\_\_ the money.  
A deeply, stealing C deeply, having stolen  
B deep, by stealing D deep, to steal
126. I propose the chairman and secretary \_\_\_\_\_.  
A to elect C be elected  
B to be elected D elect
127. Why, have you come \_\_\_\_\_ me? \_\_\_\_\_ was no need for you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A to meet, There, to bother  
B meeting, There, bothering  
C to meet, It, bothering  
D meeting, It, to bother
128. I \_\_\_\_\_ him about it; he knew it already.  
A mustn't have told C needn't have told  
B can't have told D may not have told
129. They could \_\_\_\_\_ recognize us in \_\_\_\_\_ dark, that's why they did not stop \_\_\_\_\_ to us.  
A hard, the, talking C ever, \_\_\_\_\_, talking  
B hardly, the, to talk D never, \_\_\_\_\_, to talk
130. He stared \_\_\_\_\_ me as if I were \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_ world.  
A \_\_\_\_\_, anyone, another  
B on, somebody, the other  
C at, anybody, the other  
D at, someone, another
131. The speaker \_\_\_\_\_ a short pause to stress his words. The audience \_\_\_\_\_ him with great attention.  
A did, was listening to  
B made, was hearing

- C did, were hearing  
D made, were listening to
132. The resorts at the Red Sea are said \_\_\_\_\_ the best in Africa. Imagine \_\_\_\_\_ there in winter.  
A to be, to go C to be, going  
B being, going D being, to go
133. It is no good \_\_\_\_\_ a car in such \_\_\_\_\_ nasty weather.  
A to use, a C using, \_\_\_\_  
B to have used, \_\_\_\_ D use, a
134. But there was no \_\_\_\_\_ way out: he was \_\_\_\_\_ in debt.  
A another, deeply  
B other, deeply  
C the other, deep  
D other, deep
135. It was difficult \_\_\_\_\_ me to think these were her real reasons \_\_\_\_\_ to get rid \_\_\_\_\_ me  
A for, to want, from C for, for wanting, of  
B to, of wanting, of D of, to want, with
136. Ann \_\_\_\_\_ quietly and seemed \_\_\_\_\_.  
A breathed, to be asleeping  
B was breathing, to be asleeping  
C was breathing, to be asleep  
D breathed, to be asleep
137. \_\_\_\_\_ English theatre director Peter Brook is \_\_\_\_\_ founder of the company.  
A The, the C \_\_\_\_, the  
B \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, D The, \_\_\_\_
138. In some households the man was referred \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ «the master»  
A for, like C to, as  
B \_\_\_\_, as D on, as
139. He was just a year \_\_\_\_\_ than John, but was already \_\_\_\_\_ and much \_\_\_\_\_.  
A younger, as taller, strong  
B as younger, taller, stronger  
C younger, as tall, stronger  
D as young, as tall, more stronger
140. She \_\_\_\_\_ rather \_\_\_\_\_ alone.  
A had, to leave C had, leave  
B would, to be left D would, be left
141. They had three little boys, \_\_\_\_\_ one is a baby, \_\_\_\_\_ others twins of nine.  
A \_\_\_\_, the C \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_  
B the, \_\_\_\_, D the, the
142. Her white dress and a lace umbrella made her \_\_\_\_\_ as though she \_\_\_\_\_ to a garden party.  
A to look, had come C look, had come  
B looking, came D look, would come
143. The Pacific Ocean is the largest and deepest of the \_\_\_\_\_ four oceans, covering more than \_\_\_\_\_ third of the \_\_\_\_\_ surface and containing more than \_\_\_\_\_ half of its free water.  
A world's, a, earth, a  
B world, \_\_\_\_, earth's, a

- C world's, a, earth, \_\_\_  
D world's, a, earth's, a
144. \_\_\_\_\_ man is \_\_\_\_\_ a worshipper of idols and a lover of kings.  
A \_\_\_\_, natural                      C \_\_\_\_, naturally  
B A, naturally                      D The, natural
145. In addition to using taxation \_\_\_\_\_ money, governments may change taxes \_\_\_\_\_ social and economic objectives or political popularity \_\_\_\_\_ certain groups.  
A to have, achieving, from  
B by collecting, to achieve, on  
C on rising, having achieved, of  
D to raise, to achieve, with
146. \_\_\_\_\_ ten minutes of thought got me no \_\_\_\_\_ to an answer.  
A Still, closer                      C Another, closer  
B Other, close                      D The other, close
147. She stood \_\_\_\_\_ looking \_\_\_\_\_ the window.  
A motionlessly, into              C motionless, out from  
B motionless, out of              D motionlessly, in
148. A good husband will always regard his wife \_\_\_\_\_ his equal and never address her with an air of authority, as if she \_\_\_\_\_ a mere housekeeper.  
A to be, were                      C as, were  
B be, was                          D being, are
149. He was elected \_\_\_\_\_ president to a \_\_\_\_\_ term.  
A the, five-years  
B a, five year's  
C \_\_\_\_, five-year  
D \_\_\_\_, five-years
150. She \_\_\_\_\_ in front of him with hands on hips and elbows pulled forward, glaring at him as if she \_\_\_\_\_ to tear the secret out of his heart.  
A was standing, wanted  
B was standing, has wanted  
C stood, was wanting  
D stood, wants
151. You will be free soon as you \_\_\_\_\_ twenty-one, but I am a slave \_\_\_\_\_ life.  
A will be, to                      C will be, for  
B are, for                          D are, to
152. The family \_\_\_\_\_ all asleep, so we children \_\_\_\_\_ down on the ground.  
A was, lay                          C were, lay  
B was, laid                          D were, laid
153. I was fond of these stories and \_\_\_\_\_ evening after \_\_\_\_\_ evening would go into grandma's room, sitting with my back \_\_\_\_\_ against the wall so that no warrior could slip behind me with a tomahawk.  
A an, an, close                      C the, the, closely  
B \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, close                  D \_\_\_\_, an, closely
154. The cattle \_\_\_\_\_ killed, and the meat was placed into \_\_\_\_\_ deep snow for preservation.  
A was, the                          C was, \_\_\_  
B were, \_\_\_                          D were, a
155. He seemed \_\_\_\_\_ dissatisfied, so we asked him if there was \_\_\_\_\_ that we could do for him.

- A to be, something farther  
 B to have been, anything far  
 C to be, anything further  
 D to have been, something farther
156. Can I ever forget that night in the desert, when we walked \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_ darkness, every step seeming to be the very last we could \_\_\_\_\_!  
 A a mile after a mile, the, make  
 B mile after mile, \_\_\_\_, take  
 C mile after a mile, \_\_\_\_, take  
 D mile after mile, the, take
157. He liked \_\_\_\_\_, to be petted and \_\_\_\_\_, to be well fed and caressed.  
 A to be kindly treated, praised  
 B to kindly treat, to praise  
 C being kindly treated, praising  
 D be kindly treated, praised
158. It made her \_\_\_\_\_ that it was curious how much \_\_\_\_\_ a person looked when he smiled.  
 A thinking, more nicer  
 B think, nicest  
 C to think, more nice  
 D think, nicer
159. He was a man who \_\_\_\_\_, but he was \_\_\_\_\_ a man for love.  
 A must be loved, hard  
 B should love, hard  
 C might be loved, hardly  
 D may love, harder
160. Cowboys keep the cattle together, guide \_\_\_\_\_ to pasture and prevent \_\_\_\_\_ from being mixed with other herds.  
 A them, them                      C it, their  
 B it, its                              D them, their
161. The time \_\_\_\_\_ when the wealthy men of our great North-West \_\_\_\_\_ their summer residence on these hills and shores.  
 A will come, will have    C comes, will have  
 B will come, have        D comes, have
162. «How \_\_\_\_\_ you look!» I called. «So \_\_\_\_\_!» they shouted altogether, and broke into peals of laughter.  
 A pretty, are you            C pretty, do you  
 B prettily, you are        D prettily, you do
163. In summer, when the trees were \_\_\_\_\_, he used \_\_\_\_\_ there with his friend that played \_\_\_\_\_ trombone.  
 A in bloom, sitting, \_\_\_\_  
 B in blossom, sitting, the  
 C in flowers, to sit, \_\_\_\_  
 D in bloom, to sit, the
164. After my father \_\_\_\_\_, my grandmother never let my mother \_\_\_\_\_ into her house again.  
 A married to her, to come  
 B married her, come  
 C got married her, come

- D got married to her, to come
165. Schliemann's career as an archaeologist \_\_\_\_\_ late in his life, after he \_\_\_\_\_ wealth in business.
- A has begun, has accumulated  
 B began, had accumulated  
 C had begun, accumulated  
 D had begun, had accumulated
166. She kept \_\_\_\_\_ they must be economical \_\_\_\_\_ they were not rich.
- A on saying, though  
 B say, till  
 C saying, since  
 D to say, as
167. \_\_\_\_\_ their Web sites, Internet booksellers allow buyers \_\_\_\_\_ from an enormous selection of books.
- A Through, to choose    C Via, choosing  
 B Though, choosing    D Because of, to choose
168. \_\_\_\_\_ computers are used extensively in scientific \_\_\_\_\_ to solve mathematical problems, display complicated data, or model system that are too \_\_\_\_\_ or impractical to build.
- A The, researches, cost  
 B The, research, cost  
 C \_\_\_\_, research, costly  
 D \_\_\_\_, researches, costly
169. Columbus never set \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ North America mainland.
- A food, \_\_\_\_  
 B feet, \_\_\_\_  
 C food, the  
 D feet, the
170. The well-being of children is \_\_\_\_\_ regarded, and British middle-class families often \_\_\_\_\_ substantial investment in order to provide the best education and life-enriching opportunities for their children.
- A high, do                      C high, make  
 B highly, do                    D highly, make
171. «I am afraid I \_\_\_\_\_», he murmured, «and before I \_\_\_\_\_, I insist on your answering a questions I put \_\_\_\_\_ you some time ago.»
- A should go, am going, for  
 B must be going, go, to  
 C ought to go, would go, to  
 D must go, am going, \_\_\_\_
172. Henry tried \_\_\_\_\_ me as if we \_\_\_\_\_ each others for the first time.
- A treating, saw                C to treat, have seen  
 B to treat, had seen        D treating, had seen
173. \_\_\_\_\_ of us could help \_\_\_\_\_, and we became friends at once.
- A Neither, laughing        C None, to laugh  
 B Neither, to laugh        D Nobody, laughing
174. He saw her hand coming out to \_\_\_\_\_, and she looked at him \_\_\_\_\_, in the eyes as she shook hands, frankly, \_\_\_\_\_ a man.
- A him, straightly, like  
 B his, straightly, as

- C his, straight, like  
D him, straight, as
175. He waved his hand and muttered that \_\_\_\_\_ was nothing at all, what he had done, and that any fellow \_\_\_\_\_ it in his place.  
A there, will have done  
B there, would do  
C it, would have done  
D it, will do
176. I think somebody is following \_\_\_\_\_ as. – Don't look back, go on \_\_\_\_\_ as if you \_\_\_\_\_ nothing.  
A for, to walk, saw  
B \_\_\_\_, walking, saw  
C towards, walking, had seen  
D \_\_\_\_, to walk, see
177. Money \_\_\_\_\_ anything that is \_\_\_\_\_ used \_\_\_\_\_ payments.  
A are, widely, to do  
B is, widely, for making  
C is wide, to make  
D are, wide, for doing
178. You \_\_\_\_\_ to be loyal while you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A ought, will be employed  
B must, will employ  
C have, are employed  
D can ought, employ
179. The accused the author \_\_\_\_\_ not playing \_\_\_\_\_ with the reader.  
A for, fairly                      C of, fair  
B of, fairly                        D for, fair
180. Alaska \_\_\_\_\_ to the United State since 1867, when it \_\_\_\_\_ from Russia by Secretary of State William H. Seward.  
A has belonged, was bought  
B belonged. has been bought  
C had belonged. has been bought  
D has been belonged. was bought
181. Tourism is \_\_\_\_\_ important; the country \_\_\_\_\_ 1.2 million visitors in 1998.  
A increasingly, has had  
B more increasing, had  
C increasingly, had  
D the most increasing, has had
182. Countries with \_\_\_\_\_ populations and \_\_\_\_\_ resources risk \_\_\_\_\_ into what demographers call the demographic trap.  
A raised, limited, to fall  
B risen, limiting, falling  
C rising, limiting, to fall  
D rising, limited, falling
183. The people were tanned and \_\_\_\_\_ skinned, but \_\_\_\_\_ most were no darker than sunburned, brown-haired Englishmen.  
A brown, \_\_\_\_                      C brown, the  
B brownly, \_\_\_\_                    D brownly, the



184. We \_\_\_\_\_ our best at the American Museum of Natural History to answer \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds of questions daily.  
 A make, to                      C do, to  
 B do, \_\_\_\_\_                D make, \_\_\_\_\_
185. I found it \_\_\_\_\_ believe that Dr. Brown officially retired from the museum 20 years ago, and is approaching \_\_\_\_\_ his ninetieth birthday.  
 A hardly, \_\_\_\_\_            C hardly, to  
 B hard, \_\_\_\_\_                D hard, to
186. What should you do if you see someone \_\_\_\_\_ to take his book when he \_\_\_\_\_ a restaurant?  
 A forget, will leave            C forget, leaves  
 B forgetting, left                D to forget, leaves
187. A man never sees all that his mother \_\_\_\_\_ to him till it's too late to let her \_\_\_\_\_ that he sees it.  
 A has been, know                C had been, to know  
 B is, knowing                    D had been, know
188. Italy is poor \_\_\_\_\_ natural resources, as \_\_\_\_\_ of the land is unsuitable for agriculture due \_\_\_\_\_ mountainous terrain or unfavourable climate.  
 A in, the most, of                C with, a lot, with  
 B of, most, to                    D in, most, to
189. The city lies in a picturesque highland region between \_\_\_\_\_ Tiber River and \_\_\_\_\_ Lake Trasimeno.  
 A \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_            C the, \_\_\_\_\_  
 B the, the                         D \_\_\_\_\_, the
190. Average \_\_\_\_\_ density in 1999 was 10 people \_\_\_\_\_ sq km.  
 A population, per                C population, in  
 B population's, in                D population's, per
191. Since the beginning of agriculture, the human population \_\_\_\_\_ more than two thousand times.  
 A had increased on                C has been increased by  
 B increased for                    D has increased by
192. The white-tailed deer \_\_\_\_\_ the most numerous of the large animals.  
 A are                                C have been  
 B were                                D is
193. \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail enables computer users \_\_\_\_\_ messages and data quickly through a local area network or beyond through a nationwide or worldwide communication network.  
 A \_\_\_\_\_, sending                C \_\_\_\_\_, to send  
 B The, to send                    D The, sending
194. \_\_\_\_\_ Saint Valentine's Day is celebrated on February 14 by the custom \_\_\_\_\_ greeting cards or gifts to express affection.  
 A \_\_\_\_\_, sending                C \_\_\_\_\_, of sending  
 B The, to send                    D The, sending
195. We must organize \_\_\_\_\_ little dinner to celebrate \_\_\_\_\_ event. Tell her to come and see me at \_\_\_\_\_ noon. We'll speak about it.  
 A \_\_\_\_\_, an, the                C the, the, \_\_\_\_\_  
 B a, the, the                        D a, the, \_\_\_\_\_

## ПРИМЕРНЫЙ ПЕРЕЧЕНЬ ВОПРОСОВ И ЗАДАНИЙ К ЗАЧЁТУ (АТТЕСТАЦИИ)

### ВОПРОСЫ ДЛЯ ОБЩЕЙ БЕСЕДЫ

1. What is your first name? What is your surname?
2. How old are you?
3. Where were you born? What is your date of birth?
4. What is your address?
5. What is your telephone number?
6. Are you an only child in the family?
7. What are your parents?
8. Who do you most take after, your mother or your father?
9. What are your household duties?
10. Do you always plan your day beforehand?
11. Are you a stay-at-home or do you prefer to go out when you have some time to spare?
12. Do you often have parties?
13. Who is your best friend? Can you describe him/her?
14. Do you have much of common or are you different?
15. What qualities do you most admire in people?
16. What characteristics annoy you most in people?
17. What do we call a person who expects good things to happen?
18. What do we call a person who expects bad things to happen?
19. What subject were you good at? What subject were you bad at?
20. Did you like your English classes?
21. What did you do during your English lessons?
22. When did you begin studying English?
23. Have you studied English before you entered the University?
24. What marks did you usually get in English?
25. Do you find English grammar easy or difficult to study?
26. What English-speaking countries do you know? Have you been to any of them?
27. Which variant of the English language do you like more: British or American?
28. Do you find languages easy or difficult to learn?
29. What other languages besides English would you like to learn?
30. What language is spoken in France? Germany? China?
31. Why is it important to know foreign languages?
32. What's the difference between "to take an exam" and "to pass an exam"?
33. Do you read much?
34. What famous English writers do you know?
35. What famous American writers do you know?
36. Who are your favorite English (American) authors?
37. Which of their books have you read?
38. Who are your favorite Russian writers?
39. Do you like poetry? Which do you prefer to read, poetry or prose?
40. Who are your favorite Russian poets?
41. What famous English or American poets do you know?
42. Is it difficult for you to read English books in the original?
43. What kind of books do you know? What kind of them do you enjoy reading?
44. Have you got any books in English at home?

45. Do you read newspapers? What newspapers do you read?
46. What are your favorite magazines?
47. What newspapers and magazines do you subscribe to?
48. Which sections of a newspaper are you especially interested in?
49. Do you read any newspapers in English? What British newspapers do you know?
50. Do you like watching TV? How much time do you spend watching TV?
51. What TV programmes are the most popular with young people?
52. What are your favorite TV programmes?
53. What kind of films do you prefer? Who are your favorite actors?
54. Have you seen any film in English?
55. Who are your favorite composers?
56. Do you enjoy listening to classical music?
57. Who are your favorite popular singers and groups?
58. Do you play any musical instrument?
59. What outstanding scientists do you know?
60. Are there any outstanding politicians and public figures in our country?
61. What is environment?
62. What has man's interference in nature led to?
63. Is international cooperation necessary to create a system of ecological security?
64. What countries is the UK made up of?
65. What is the capital of the UK?
66. What is the capital of Scotland?
67. Who is the Prime Minister of Great Britain?
68. Who is the Queen of Britain?
69. What places of interest in London do you know?
70. What do you know about the House of Parliament?
71. Where is the residence of the Queen?
72. What is the capital of the USA?
73. Who was the first president of the USA?
74. Who is the US President now?
75. What great Americans do you know?
76. Who discovered America?
77. What large cities in the USA do you know?
78. Which city is more American: Washington or New York?
79. What parts of Russia have you been to?
80. Who was Moscow founded by?
81. Can you describe the centre of Moscow?
82. What historical monuments in Moscow do you know?
83. What world-famous museums in Moscow do you know?
84. What are the most interesting tourist sites in your city?
85. Do you live in the centre or in the suburbs?
86. What kinds of public transport do you know?
87. Are you fond of travelling?
88. If you were free to travel wherever you wanted, what countries would you visit?
89. Why do you think so many people like travelling?
90. Which is the most convenient way of travelling? Which is the quickest one?
91. What are the advantages and disadvantages of travelling by air?
92. Have you ever been abroad?
93. Do you find time for sports?